

Incorporating Student Growth in the Teacher Evaluation Summative Rating

# Approved by the PERA Joint Committee, 2016 Table of Contents

Section 1	Student Growth Overview	
	PERA and Student Growth	3
	Student Learning Objectives	3
	SLO Process/Timeframe	3-4
	Midpoint Check-In	4
	Assessments	4
	Teachers	4
	Students	5
	Summative Rating	5
	SLO Appeal Process	5
Section 2	SLO Survival Guide	6-13
Section 3	Evaluation Calendars	14-16
Section 4	SLO Forms on My Learning Plan (MLP) OASYS	17-19
Section 5	Mid-Point Check-In Protocol	20
Section 6	SLO Appeal Form	21

## Student Growth Overview

#### Performance Evaluation Review Act (PERA) and Student Growth

In 2011, the Illinois Performance Evaluation Review Act (PERA) was passed into law. As part of this law, it introduced a provision that mandated student growth data be a "significant factor" in both administrator and teacher evaluations. Indian Prairie School District was required to incorporate student growth as a significant factor in teacher evaluations by the start of the 2016-2017 school year,

#### **PERA Joint Committee**

The Indian Prairie PERA Joint Committee is comprised of an equal number of Association members and Administration. The committee formally met six times during the 2015-2016 school year reaching consensus on the components of the student growth portion of evaluations for the 2016 – 2017 school year.

In order to build and sustain effective student growth practices, the PERA Joint Committee will meet in an ongoing manner to review applicable feedback from evaluators and teachers to make appropriate revisions to the student growth process. The purpose of the meetings will be to ensure the performance evaluation system in Indian Prairie School District 204 is meaningful, manageable, and is effectively improving teaching and learning. The ongoing PERA Joint Committee will be comprised of an equal number of teachers and administrators.

#### Student Learning Objectives (SLOs)

The Student Learning Objectives (SLOs) process is a means to measure student growth and attribute that growth to teachers. The SLO process allows teachers to consider students' instructional needs and educators' practices while developing rigorous yet attainable goals for student learning. Please see **SLO Survival Guide** on pages 6-13 of this document for an overview of the SLO development process.

#### **SLO Process/Timeframe**

During the 2016-2017 school year, a teacher need only do one (1) SLO, as mandated by law. However, beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, any teacher on cycle must have two growth measures. At least one (1) must be a SLO. The following timeframes are for the 2016-2017 school year.

#### Teachers with semester-long or year-long courses/assignments:

TIMELINE	TASK
Prior to giving pre-assessment	Submit pre-assessment to principal/evaluator for approval
August 25 – September 21	Administer pre-assessment to students.
October 3 – October 28	Opportunity for mid-point check-in. (optional)
December 1 – January 20	Administer post-assessment to students.
By January 31	Submit post-assessment student growth results.
By March 1	Probationary Summative completed
By March 15	Tenured Summative completed

#### Teachers with quarter-long courses/assignments:

Q	uarter 1	Quarter 2				
TIMELINE	TASK	TIMELINE TASK			TASK TIMELINE	
Prior to giving pre- assessment	Submit pre-assessment to principal/evaluator for approval.	Prior to giving pre- assessment	Submit pre-assessment to principal/evaluator for approval.			
August 24 – August 30	Administer pre-assessment to students.	October 24 – October 28	Administer pre-assessment to students.			
September 14 – September 23	Opportunity for mid-point check-in. (optional)	November 16 – November 22	Opportunity for mid-point check- in.(optional)			
October 5 – October 21	Administer post-assessment to students.	December 12 – December 22	Administer post-assessment to students.			
By November 22	Submit post-assessment student growth results.	By January 31	Submit post-assessment student growth results.			
By March 1	Probationary Summative completed	By March 1	Probationary Summative completed			
By March 15	Tenured Summative completed	By March 15	Tenured Summative completed			

Please also see **Evaluation Calendars** on pages 14-16 of this document for the SLO Timeline incorporated into the Teacher Evaluation process. Timelines are included for semester student growth, as well as quarter student growth.

#### **SLO Forms**

The SLO submission forms are all located on the MLP Oasys evaluation site. Please use these forms and upload your assessments as evidence.

#### Mid-Point Check-In

The mid-point check-in is designed to give the teacher and his/her evaluator time to discuss the goals and clusters that were set and adjust them as needed. This step is especially important for teachers working with small sections/numbers of students. The mid-point check in is optional. However, each teacher will be given the option to either accept or decline a meeting with his/her evaluator. Please see Mid-Point Check-In Meeting Protocol on page 20 of this document.

#### **Assessments**

There are three types of assessments that may be used. See the table below.

ASSESSMENT	DEFINITION
TYPE I	An assessment that measures a certain group of students in the same manner with the same potential assessment items, is scored by a non-district entity, and is widely administered beyond Illinois.  Example: ACT, SAT, PSAT 8/9 and PSAT/NMSQT, NWEA MAP, AIMSweb Plus, DIBELs, Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests, etc.
TYPE 2	An assessment developed or adopted and approved by the school district and used on a district-wide basis. It is given by all teachers in a given grade level, subject area, or department.
TYPE 3	An assessment that is rigorous, aligned with the course's curriculum, and that the evaluator and teacher determine measures student learning.

#### **Teachers**

All teachers, except those exempt by law, must use student growth as a portion of their evaluation. The law exempts: counselors, psychologists, social workers, non-teaching speech and language pathologists, and school nurses.

#### **Students**

Elementary classroom teachers must include the entire class. High School and Middle School teachers need to select at least one period/section. Elementary Art, Music, and PE teachers must select at least one period/section as well. Any student who has 90% attendance during instructional time and is present for both the pre and post-assessment window needs to be included.

If a teacher does not have a specific student population he/she works with, it is acceptable to attach to a grade level, department or individual classroom teacher's goal. This will need to be mutually agreed upon by the evaluator and any teacher(s) involved.

#### Summative Rating

The student growth rating is calculated based on the percentage of students who reached their growth target. The ratings are defined in the table below:

Rating	Percentage		
Excellent	76-100% of students met targeted growth		
Proficient	51-75% of students met targeted growth		
Needs Improvement	26-50% of students met targeted growth		
Unsatisfactory	0-25% of students met targeted growth		

30% of a teacher's evaluation is based on student growth data. 70% is based on performance (observation

		Performance Rating (70%)							
	Ratings	Excellent	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory				
Student	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Proficient	Needs Improveme				
Growth Rating	Proficient	Excellent	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Needs Improvemen				
(30%)	Needs Improvement	Proficient	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory				
	Unsatisfactory	Proficient	Needs Improvement	Needs Improvement	Unsatisfactory				

#### **SLO Appeal Process**

It is strongly encouraged that a teacher work with his/her evaluator to develop an acceptable assessment. If after trying to work together to find an acceptable assessment an agreement cannot be reached, the teacher may appeal. The appeal process begins by notifying the Assistant Superintendent - Human Resources in writing. After the notification is received, the SLO will go to an appeals committee consisting of an equal number of people appointed by administration and by the Association. A decision will be made within three (3) school days of the appeal. During this time, no assessment may be given by the teacher to be used as a SLO. The decision of the appeal committee is final. Please see Student Learning Objective (SLO) Appeal Form on page 21 of this document if you wish to appeal.

## SURVIVAL GUIDE





30% of a teacher's evaluation is based on student growth

State Law (PERA - Performance Evaluation Reform Act) requires districts to design and implement performance evaluation systems that assess teachers' and principals' professional skills as well as incorporate measures of student growth. District administrators must work with teachers' association representatives to develop evaluation systems that incorporate student growth. School districts and the state must ensure that these performance evaluation systems are valid and reliable and help teachers and principals to better improve student outcomes.

#### **Sample Assessment Types**

Type I Measures a certain group of students in the same manner with the same assessment items. Administered either statewide or beyond Illinois.

Type II Developed or adopted and approved by the school district, used on a districtwide basis and given by all teachers in a given grade or subject area.

Type III Rigorous assessment that is aligned with a course curriculum and that the evaluator and teacher determine measures student learning.

What combinations are acceptable? — | I | III |

or II III or

III III

\*Only if no Type I or II is available

#### What is an SLO?

A Student Learning Objective (SLO) is an academic goal set for an educator's students near the beginning of a course or class. It represents the most important learning that is aligned to Common Core, State, or national standards, as well as any other school and district priorities.

#### **Key Definitions**

PERA - Performance Evaluation Reform Act requires all schools in Illinois to change how teachers' and principals' performance is measured.

PEAC - Performance Evaluation Advisory Council is charged with providing input from educators to the Illinois State Board of Education and monitoring PERA development and implementation.

During the first year of implementation, Type III assessments will be used for Student Growth.

#### The work of the Student Growth Committee began 2012 to prepare for implementation

#### 2012-2013

- Formed Student Growth Committee;
- Developed Implementation Timeline:
- Reviewed Current census assessments.

#### 2013-2014

- Reviewed and choose growth model;
- Recommended integration of growth model into overall evaluation model.

#### 2014-2015

- PARCC Testing began
- SLO Piloting
- Field tests of SLO data into student growth model

#### 2015-2016

- Trial year for integration of growth data into overall evaluation

#### 2016-2017

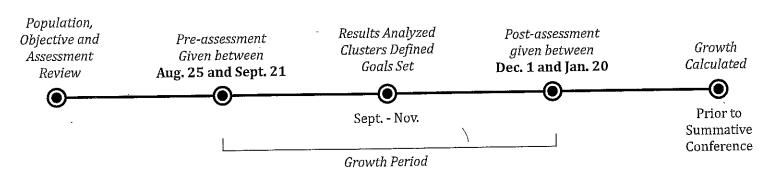
- Growth Model fully implemented, **including** a contribution to the overall evaluation

"No Stakes" = No contribution \_\_ to the evaluation process

# The SLO® Process

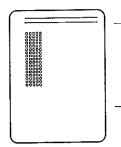
#### **Key Questions in the SLO Assessment Process**

- 1. What do I want my students to know and to be able to do?
- 2. What assessments are available, are currently used or can be developed that assess the above?
- 3. Where are my students starting?
- 4. What can I expect with regard to growth between pre- and post-tests?



## What would an SLO Assessment look like?



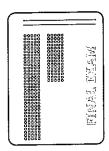


ITEM-BASED

→ Students take a pre-test from select questions that are a part of, or comparable to, the final exam

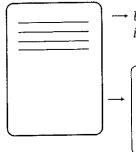


From the Score Distribution, performance clusters |are defined



 Students take the final exam and their scores are compared to the growth goal for their cluster





 Using a rubric, a student artifact is evaluated.

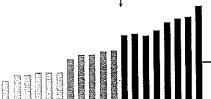


From the Score Distribution, performance clusters are defined



→ Using the same rubric, an additional artifact that requires the same skill, is evaluated and compared to the growth goal for their cluster

Setting performance clusters is more an art than science. Look for breaks in achievement that can be used to divide the scores into **3-5 clusters.** 



For more information about setting growth goals, see Page 6



I: This portion is completed for review BEFORE the students take their pre-test.

Components	<b>Population</b> Identifies the students who will take the pre and post assessments.	<b>Learning Objective</b> Defines the Big Idea/standards driving learning objective(s) to be achieved.	Assessment The instrument that is used to assess growth.
Guiding Questions	Who are the students being assessed?	What will students be able to do at the end of the interval of instruction?	What assessment will be used to measure whether or not students met the objective?
	What are the students' strengths and weaknesses?	Cite the learning standards.	
Criteria	90% attendance is assumed for the assessed students;  Must address all students of at least one class;  Pre-assessment data available for each student included.	Rigorous and measurable; and  Targets semester or quarter knowledge, concepts, skills or behavior based on the Common Core State Standards, district curriculum objectives, state and/or other national learning standards.	Administered in a consistent, standardized manner adhering to student confidentiality issues;  Applicable to the purpose of the class; and  Aligned with Common Core State Standards, district curriculum objectives, state and/or other national learning standards.

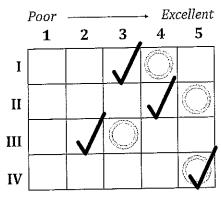
Grade Level(s)	Subject:	Course:
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## II: This portion is completed for review AFTER the students take their pre-test

<u> </u>		
Baseline Performance Establishes a starting point for the SLO process.	Instructional Strategies Connects the pre-assessment results to instruction in the classroom.	<b>Targeted Growth</b> Establishes growth goals for students based on initial performance level .
Identify your student clusters based on pre-assessment performance.	What key instructional strategies will be used?	What are the growth targets, by cluster?
Identify other information you considered.	·	
Baseline data may reflect information from daily classroom performance observations, prior year formative/summative assessments, prior year student grades, attendance history, etc.	Identifies key instructional and differentiation strategies; Appropriate for learning content and skill level; and Follows research-based pedagogical practices.	Quantifiable and attainable; Growth targets expressed in whole numbers; The cluster targets are appropriate relative to the instructional timeframe; and 3-5 clusters identified based on pre-assessment data.

## Setting **SLO**® Clusters and Goals

## Score Distribution Example #1



For a *performance-based assessment*, a score distribution could be the range of scores (1 through 5) in four categories (I, II, III, IV) for a **single student**.

In this example, you could create your growth goal by forecasting what scores you hope a student would earn. A simple calculation gives you a performance goal of 3 points.

= Pre-Assessment Performance (3+4+2+5 = 14)

Performance Goal: 3pts



= Post-Assessment Goal (4+5+3+5 = 17)

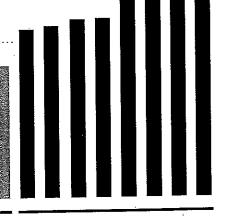
## Score Distribution Example #2

For an item-based assessment, a score distribution could be the range of scores across an entire class.

In this example, you could create your growth goal for a particular performance cluster by forecasting what scores you hope a student would earn.

Good growth assessments should produce a varied score distribution. If the score distribution looks like the one here, it makes it very difficult to cluster students.





D

## Writing Your **SLO**<sup>™</sup>

Your objective should favor skill over content. It's about what students can **do** with what they **know**.

#### **Population**

Determining who is in each cluster

#### **Objective**

Determining what will be the focus of the preand post-assessment

Students who scored between 55-65 (out of 100) on the 3rd grade

mathematics pre-assessment will score at least an 85 (out of 100)

on the 3rd grade mathematics post-assessment.

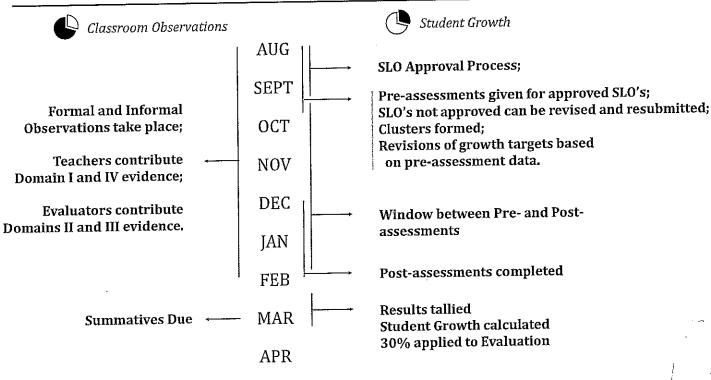
## Growth Targets

Determining the tiered targets you aspire for students to hit

#### Assessment

Determining the instrument/tool that students will use/take

## **Evaluation Timeline**



MAY

# SLO Approvals

## ${f Step~1}$ - Population, Objective and Assessment Submitted for Review

#### **Population**

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Determining who is in each

#### Objective

Determining what will be the focus of the assessment

Your objective should favor skill over content. It's about what students can do with what they know.

Students who scored between 55-65 (out of 100) on the 3rd grade

mathematics pre-assessment will score at least an 85 (out of 100)

on the 3rd grade mathematics post-assessment.

You should be able to create a full statement like this - one per cluster - in

preparation

for approval

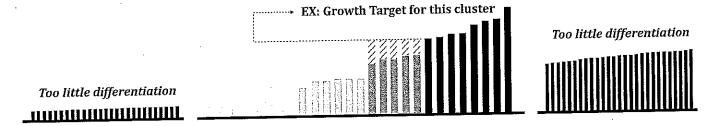
#### Assessment

Determining the tool that students will use/take

Step 2 - Once accepted, give your Pre-test (2013, 25 - 3000, 20)

 ${f Step~3}$  - Create Clusters and Growth Targets from Pre-test results .

(Das by Sept 28)



Step 4 - Mid-point Check-in: Clusters and Growth Targets Submitted for Review

Step 5 - Prioritize your Objective during instruction

Step 6 - Give your Post-test (Dec. 1 - Jan. 20)

Step 7 - Calculate Growth by Cluster and calculate percentage of students who reached their Growth Target (Date by [883, 835)



## **EVALUATION CALENDAR 2016-2017**

#### Observations



Classroom Observations can begin

Formal and Informal **Evaluations** 

Summative

Evaluations

	August 2016							
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa		
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28	29	30	31					

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25	26	27	28	29	30		

Sept. 30: Last day to submit clusters and goals for approval

	October 2016						
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30	31						

Oct. 28: Last day to make adjustments to growth goals

_	November 2016							
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Jan. 31: Last day to upload finished growth data to OASYS

February 2017								
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March 2017									
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19	20	21	22	23	24	25			
26	27	28	29	30	31				

#### Student Growth



30%

For the 2016-17 school year, faculty responsible for Student Growth as a part of their evaluation will be completing one (1) Type III SLO that will account for 30% of their total evaluation.

August 23: Classes Begin

August 25 - September 21: Pre-Assessment Window

The Pre-Assessment Window is from the 3rd to the 20th day

Prior to giving the Pre-Assessment, faculty should complete for evaluator approval the first 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet: Population, Objective and Assessment.

Following the Pre-Assessment, faculty should cluster their results, define the growth goals for each cluster and detail instructional strategies to be used to reach those goals. These are the last 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet.

Minhnum length of time between assessments is 45 school days for semester or year-long classes.

#### October 3 - October 28: Mid-point Check-in Window

The Mid-point Check-in is designed to give the faculty member and evaluator the opportunity to review the growth goals set following the Pre-Assessment and review progress towards those goals. This includes making adjustments to the growth goals, if necessary.

December 1 - January 20: Post-Assessment Window

Following the Post-Assessment, growth is calculated by chister and the percentage is determined as to who reached their growth target within

A rating for Student Growth is assigned based on that percentage:

76-100% met growth targets

51-75% met growth targets

Needs Improvement: 26-50% met growth targets

Unsatisfactory:

0-25% met growth targets

During January and February, growth is calculated to achieve a percentage which is used to determine a rating for Student Growth.

Once that rating is determined, it is merged with the Observation portion of the Evaluation process:

Observations: 70%

Student Growth: 30%

The Summative Conference follow the completion of Observations and the Student Growth components.

#### CLASSROOM RATING

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STUDENT GROWTH RATING	P	E	P	NI	NI
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29 2	υ	P	Ni	NI	Ű
	- 1				

March 1: Summative Conference (Non-tenured) Deadline

March 15: Summative Conference (Tenured) Deadline



## **EVALUATION CALENDAR 2016-2017**

#### **Observations**



Classroom Observations can begin

Formal and Informal Evaluations

Summative

Evaluations

	August 2016								
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa			
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28	29	30	31						

	September 2016									
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Sept. 2: Last day to submit clusters and goals for approval

October 2016									
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October 28: Last day to make adjustments to growth goals

November 2016									
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13	14	15	16	17	18	19			
20	21	22	23	24	. 5	26			
27	28	29	30						

Nov. 22: Last day to upload finished growth data to OASYS

	December 2016								
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11	12	13	14	15	16	17			
18	19	20	21	22	23	24			
25	23	27	25	29	30	31			

January 2017									
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15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
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	February 2017						
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March 2017						
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#### Student Growth



30%

For the 2016-17 school year, faculty responsible for Student Growth as a part of their evaluation will be completing one (1) Type III SLO that will account for 30% of their total evaluation,

August 23: Classes Begin

August 24- August 30: Pre-Assessment Window

The Pre-Assessment Window is from the 3rd to the 6th day of class.

Prior to giving the Pre-Assessment, faculty should complete for evaluator approval the first 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet: Population, Objective and Assessment.

Pollowing the Pre-Assessment, faculty should cluster their results, define the growth goals for each cluster and detail instructional strategies to be used to reach those goals.

These are the last 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet.

Minimum
length of time
between
assessments
is 30 school
days for
quarter-long
classes.

#### Sept. 14-23: Mkl-point Check-in Window

The Mid-point Check-in is designed to give the faculty member and evaluator the apportunity to review the growth goals set following the Pre-Assessment and review progress towards those goals. This includes making adjustments to the growth goals, if necessary.

October 5-21: Post-Assessment Window

Following the Post-Assessment, growth is calculated by cluster and the percentage is determined as to who reached their growth target within each cluster.

A rating for Student Growth is assigned based on that percentage:

Excellent:

76-100% met growth targets

Proficient:

51-75% met growth targets

Needs Improvement: Unsatisfactory: 26-50% met growth targets 0-25% met growth targets

During January and February, growth is calculated to achieve a percentage which is used to determine a rating for Student Growth.

Once that rating is determined, it is merged with the Observation portion of the Evaluation process:

Observations: 70%

Student Growth: 30%

The Summative Conference follow the completion of Observations and the Student Growth components.

#### CLASSROOM RATING

		E	P	NI	U
	E	E	E	P	NI
	р	Е	P	NI	NI
STUDENT GROWTH RATING	NI	p	P	NI	ט
72 F2 K2	11	P	NI	NI	u

March 1: Summative Conference (Non-tenured) Deadline

March 15: Summative Conference (Tenured) Deadline



## **EVALUATION CALENDAR 2016-2017**

#### **Observations**



Classroom Observations can begin

#### Formal and Informal Evaluations

Summative

Evaluations

#### August 2016 Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa 5 3 4 6 1 2 11 12 13 8 9 10 17 14 15 16 18 19 20 22 23 25 | 26 | 27 21 24 30 31 28 29

	-					
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Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

October 2016						
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9	1.0	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					
7 11 (1-1-1-1)						

November 4: Last day to submit clusters and goals for approval

	November 2016					
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
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6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	2.	34	25	26
27	28	29	30			

November 30: Last day to make adjustments to growth goals

	December 2016					
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa						Sa
				1	2	3
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25	26	27	28	29	30	31

	January 2017					
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15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				ļ

January 31: Last day to upload finished growth data to OASYS

February 2017						
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12	13	14	15	16	17	18
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26	27	28				

March 2017							
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12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
26 27 28 29 30 31							
	<u> </u>					-	

#### Student Growth



30%

For the 2016-17 school year, faculty responsible for Student Growth as a part of their evaluation will be completing one (1) Type III SLO that will account for 30% of their total evaluation.

August 23: Classes Begin

#### October 24-28: Pre-Assessment Window

Prior to giving the Pre-Assessment, faculty should complete for evaluator approval the first 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet: Population, Objective and Assessment.

Following the Pre-Assessment, faculty should cluster their results, define the growth goals for each cluster and detail instructional strategies to be used to reach those goals. These are the last 3 columns of the SLO Thinksheet.

Minimum length of time hetween assessments is 30 school days for quarter-long classes.

#### November 16-22: Mid-point Check-in Window

The Mid-point Check-in is designed to give the faculty member and evaluator the opportunity to review the growth goals set following the Pre-Assessment and review progress towards those goals. This includes making adjustments to the growth goals, if necessary.

#### December 12-22: Post-Assessment Window

Following the Post-Assessment, growth is calculated by cluster and the percentage is determined as to who reached their growth target within each cluster.

A rating for Student Growth is assigned based on that percentage:

Excellent: 76-100% met growth targets
Proficient: 51-75% met growth targets
Needs Improvement: 26-50% met growth targets
Unsatisfactory: 0-25% met growth targets

During January and February, growth is calculated to achieve a percentage which is used to determine a rating for Student Growth.

Once that rating is determined, it is merged with the Observation portion of the Evaluation process:

Observations: 70% Student Growth: 30%

The Summative Conference follow the completion of Observations and the Student Growth components.

#### CLASSROOM RATING U NI Þ Νl Ε E NT p NI 12 NI U P NI U NI

March 1: Summative Conference (Non-tenured) Deadline

March 15: Summative Conference (Tenured) Deadline

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#### **SLO ThinkSheet Part I (before pre-assessment)**

ıme: Indian Prairie OASYSdemo11

ıilding: None ade: None

ssigned Administrator: Not Assigned

ived By: Eccarius, Douglas :knowledged By: N/A

User Information

Title:

Department: None

Evaluation Type: \*Demo II

Evaluation Cycle: 07/15/2016 - 06/14/2017

Date Submitted: Incomplete

Date Acknowledged: Unacknowledged

Date Finalized : Unfinalized

nalized By: N/A		Date Philateet , Officialized	
his portion is comple	eted for review <b>BEFORE</b> the students ta		
		General Information	医腹外性皮肤的 计分配 人名西兰人名人姓氏克尔
Grade Level(s):			
Subject:		maken or market in the second of the second	
Course:			
		BEFORE Pre-Assessment	
omponents	<b>Population:</b> Identifies the students who will take the pre- and post- assessments.	<b>Learning Objective:</b> Defines the Big Idea/standards driving learning objective(s) to be achieved.	Assessment: The instrument that is used to assess growth.
iuiding juestions	Who are the students being assessed?     What are the students' strengths and weaknesses?	What will students be able to do at the end of the interval of instruction?  Cite the learning standards.	What assessment will be used to measure whether or not students met the objective?
:riteria	90% attendance is assumed for the assessed students;     Must address all students of at least one class; and     Pre-assessment data available for each student included.	Rigorous and measurable; and     Targets semester or quarter knowledge, concepts, skills or behavior based on the Illinois Learning Standards, district curriculum objectives, and other national learning standards.	Administered in a consistent, standardized manner adhering to student confidentiality issues;     Applicable to the purpose of the class; and     Aligned with Illinois Learning Standard, district curriculum objectives, or other national learning standards
What are the s	udents being assessed? tudents' strengths and weaknesses students be able to do at the end of		
	nt learning standards. ent will be used to measure Whethe	er or not students met the objective?	•
'lease upload Pra	ctitioner SLO #1 Artifacts below:		
Artifacts			
Add an Artifac		Upload User File 遊	
Name Name		Admin, MLP zBrowser_Cache_Clearing_Instru	



### INDIAN PRAIRIE SCHOOL DISTRICT 204

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#### **SLO ThinkSheet Part II (after pre-assessment)**

ıme: Indian Prairie OASYSdemo11

illding: None ade; None

signed Administrator: Not Assigned

ved By: N/A

:knowledged By: N/A nalized By: N/A

Title:

User Information

Department: None

Evaluation Type: \*Demo II

Evaluation Cycle: 07/15/2016 - 06/14/2017

Date Submitted: Incomplete

Date Acknowledged: Unacknowledged

Date Finalized : Unfinalized

his portion is comple	eted for review AFTER the students take their pre-assessment.		
	General Info	rmation	
LO Part 1 Grade I	.evel(s) (07/01/2016 - 06/30/2017)		
	NON	E	
LO Part 1 Subject	(07/01/2016 - 06/30/2017)		A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
	NON	<u> </u>	_
LO Part 1 Course	(07/01/2016 - 06/30/2017) NON		
	AFTER Pre-As		
Components	Control of the Contro		Targeted Growth: Establishes growth goals for students based on initial performance level.
	Identify your student clusters based on pre-assessment performance.     Identify other information you considered.	What key instructional strategies will be used?	What are the growth targets, by cluster?
luiding Juestions			
'rîteria	Baseline data may reflect information from daily classroom performance observations, prior year formative/summative assessments, prior year student grades, attendance history, etc.	Identifies key instructional and differentiation strategies;     Appropriate for learning content and skill level; and     Follows research-based pedagogical practices.	<ul> <li>Quantifiable and attainable;</li> <li>Growth targets expressed in whole numbers;</li> <li>The cluster targets are appropriate relative to the instructional time frame; and</li> <li>3-5 clusters identified based on pre-assessment data.</li> </ul>
Identify other i	udent clusters based on pre-assessment performance.  nformation you considered.  rowth targets, by cluster?		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	actitioner Artifacts (SLO #2) below:		
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Name	Upload Date Upload User Fi	le 🙇	



Upload Date

Add an Artifact 🌘

## INDIAN PRAIRIE SCHOOL DISTRICT 204

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	SLO Results
As the second of	User Information
me: Indian Prairie OASYSdemo11	Title:
ilding: None	Department: None
ade: None signed Administrator: Not Assigned ved By: Eccarius, Douglas knowledged By: N/A	Evaluation Type: *Demo II
	Evaluation Cycle: 07/15/2016 - 06/14/2017
	Date Submitted: Incomplete
	Date Acknowledged: Unacknowledged
ialized By: N/A	Date Finalized : Unfinalized
nis portion is completed for review <b>AFTER</b> the students take the	ir post-assessment.
ease provide percentage of student who met their results in th OTE: Only enter number in the field below (DO NOT use percer	e section below. trage sign).
Students who met results:	
lease upload supporting evidence below:	
Artifacts	

File

Upload User



## **Midpoint Check-In Meeting Protocol (if needed)**

Teacher Name:
Teacher Name:
Grade Level(s):
Academic Year:
<i>Instructions:</i> The evaluator should provide the teacher with the protocol questions in advance of the check-in meeting so that the teacher has an opportunity to prepare for a discussion of each topic at the meeting. The teacher should be prepared to share and discuss formative assessment results and student progress toward meeting the SLO growth target.
Student Progress  1. How are students progressing toward their growth targets? Are some students demonstrating more progress than others?
2. Are the growth targets that you set at the beginning of the year attainable?
Instructional Strategies 3. Which instructional strategies are you using?
4. Are any instructional strategies not working for your students? Are there alternatives you should consider?
Support and Collaboration 5. Have you collaborated with peers to work toward goals?
6. What additional supports do you need to ensure that you are successful with your students?



#### Student Learning Objective (SLO) Appeal Form

The initial evaluation of an assessment for a teacher's Student Learning Objective (SLO) should occur between the teacher and their evaluator. If, after trying to work together, an agreement on an acceptable assessment cannot be reached, the teacher may appeal. The appeal process begins by notifying the Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources in writing. After the notification is received, the SLO will go to an appeals committee consisting of an equal number of staff appointed by administration and by the Association. A decision will be made within three (3) school days of the appeal. During this time, no assessment may be given by the teacher to be used as a SLO. The decision of the appeals committee is final.

Teacher Name:	Date:	
Teaching Content Area:	Grade Level:	
Evaluator:	_ , _ ,	
Rationale: Why have you chosen this assessment?		
Aligned Standards: To which standards does this assessment a	align?	
Interval of Instruction: Semester or Quarter?		
Evaluator Concerns: Why did your evaluator consider the assessment to be unacceptable?		
Assessment: Please attach the assessment.		
To be filled out by the Appeals Committee:		
Content: Acceptable Unacceptable Rigor: Accept	able Unacceptable	
Assessment Approval: Approved: Denie	ed:	
Rationale if Denied:		